

EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ESWATINI

Eswatini Primary Certificate Examination

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CONSUMER SCIENCE

PAPER 1

627/01

MARK SCHEME

This document consists of **10** printed pages.

SECTION A - MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1. D
- 2. B
- 3. A
- 4. C
- 5. A
- 6. D
- 7. B
- 8. D
- 9. B
- 10. A
- 11. B
- 12. D
- 13. D
- 14. C
- 15. D
- 16. A
- 17. B
- 18. B
- 19. A
- 20. A
- 21. C
- 22. A
- 23. B24. C
- 25. D

SECTION B – FOOD AND NUTRITION

Question 1

Ra	is	in	a	a	ae	'n	t:
			9	•	7	,	•

A substance that you add to a flour mixture when you bake to make the dough rise and

become light.

Question 2

Definition of terms

Deficiency disease – a disease caused by a lack of a specific nutrient in the body.

[2]

[2]

Meal - is a fairly large amount of food that a person eats at regular times during the day.

[2]

Question 3 - Classes of fruits

Classes of fruits examples

Hard fruits banana.

Stone fruits mangoes. [3]

Question 4

Points to consider when planning meals

- Available ingredients
- Consider the gender of the people
- Consider the age of the people
- Consider the health status of the people
- Season of the year
- Time availability
- Type of occasion
- The meal must be balanced
- Consider cooking facilities available
- Expertise of the people

(Any four) [4]

Question 5 - Food pyramid

(i) Food required in small amounts:

- Fats
- Oils

• Sugars (Any two) [2]

(ii) Importance of the food pyramid in planning meals

- To show how much of each type of food to eat per day
- It divides food into five food group

[2]

Question 6

(i) Signs of scurvy

- Spongy gums
- Loose teeth
- Swollen joints (Any two) [2]

(ii) Examples of food suitable for a person suffering from scurvy

Oranges, lemons, guavas, strawberries, spinach, green beans, red cabbage, tomatoes ,okra,inkaka,inshubaba.

(Any three) [3]

Question 7

Testing freshness of an egg

- (i) Brine solution test: Put egg in brine solution: if it sinks it is fresh, if it suspended in the middle it is less fresh or few weeks old and if it floats it is stale.
- (ii) Plate and sniff test: Crack an egg onto a plate, if it have a bright yellow/orange yolk and white do not spread much it is fresh but if it have a flatter yolk and the white be runny it is old.
- (iii) Shake test: Shake the egg, if it does not makes a sound it is fresh but if it makes a sound it is not fresh.

- (iv) Shell test: Feel the egg in your hand, if it is rough it is fresh but if it is smooth it is old.
- (v) Light test: Hold the egg against light, if the yolk is clear it is fresh but if it has a dark spot inside it is old.

(Any three well explained ways) [6]

SECTION C - CLOTHING AND TEXTILES AND LAUNDRY

Question 1

Functions of needle work tools

Tape measure – for measuring the fabric

taking body measurements.

Tracing wheel - or transfer pattern markings.

Pinking shears - for pick up small items that are too small to pick up with your finger.

- for cutting raw seams to prevent fraying of fabric.

[3]

Question 2

Drawings of Pattern markings

- (i) -----
- (ii) Place on fold drawing



[2]

Question 3

Examples of the natural fibres

[4]

Natural fibre	examples
Plant	(i) cotton
	(ii) linen
Animal	(i) wool
	(ii) silk

Neatening an open seam

- (i) edge stitching
- (ii) overcasting
- (iii) blanket stitch
- (iv) zigzag stitching
- (v) cut with a pinking shears.
- (vi) Use bias binding
- (vii) Use crossway strips

(Any three) [3]

Question 5

Reasons for the laundry processes

- (i) Airing- to remove dampness, to have a fresh smell
- (ii) Sorting- to prevent staining of clothes.
- (iii) Dampening- for easy ironing [3]

Question 6

Methods of disposing fullness

(i) Apron- Pleats

(ii) Child dress-Gathers [2]

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Reasons for adding fabric softener in last rising water

- Softens and relaxes the fibres in fabrics.
- It stops clothes especially synthetic fabrics from clinging to the body./ it prevents Static electricity
- It gives baby clothes and delicate fabrics a soft and springy finish.
- It makes clothes smell clean and fresh.

(Any two well explained points)

Question 8

How to remove a candle wax stain

- Scrape off wax with a dull knife,
- Place stain between brown papers,
- Press with a warm iron
- Wash accordingly.

[4]

SECTION D - HOME MANAGEMENT AND FAMILY LIFE EDUCATION

Question 1

Definition of terms

Health - is to be free from illness or injury, physically, mentally and socially.

[2]

Family - is a group of people connected to one another by blood, marriage or

shared resources.

[2]

Question 2

Symptoms of cholera

- (i) Watery diarrhoea
- (ii) Vomiting
- (iii) Dehydration caused by vomiting and diarrhoea.

(Any two) [2]

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[4]

Reasons for budgeting

- (i) It helps to spend less money than you earn.
- (ii) Shows where you are wasting money.
- (iii) Helps to identify and reach your goals.
- (iv) Helps save money for unexpected expenses.

(Any three) [3]

Question 4

Material used to make each kitchen equipment

Kitchen equipment	Material
i) cutlery	stainless steel
ii) three legged pot	cast iron
iii) baking sheet	tin

Question 5

Difference between a wage and salary

Wage - is the money paid to workers at the end of a period of work such as shift, day or

week. [1]

Salary - is a fixed regular payment paid to a worker for work done, usually monthly [1]

Question 6

Ways of spreading water-borne diseases

- Eating food cooked in contaminated water.
- Swimming, bathing and standing in contaminated water
- Eating fruits or vegetables washed in contaminated water
- Drinking contaminated water

(Any two) [2]

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[3]

Ways of purifying water

- (i) Boil water for 10 minutes.
- (ii) Adding bleach
- (iii) Adding chlorine.
- (iv) Adding ash (Any three) [3]

Question 8

Treating a minor burn

- Hold the burn under cool running water for 10 or 15 minutes.
- Clean with an antiseptic solution
- Apply ointment
- Leave wound uncovered to heal.

(Any three) [3]

Question 9

long term effects of gonorrhoea

- Infertility in women.
- Miscarriages in women.
- Serious joint infections. [3]

[Total marks: 25]